

THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

PUBLISHED DAILY, AT NO. 21, WATER STREET, BY CHARLES GORDON GREENE.

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POETRY.

From the London Monthly Magazine.
SUMMER.

Who loves not the summer?
It is the time of joy!—The sun, then, throws
Out from his blue pavilion in the sky
His richest rays to feed the glens and earth.
The summer time is Nature's festival,
When earth and all its denizens rejoice;
The winds are soft and warm with sunshine's kiss,
Coaxing the lilies of their ripe perfume,
Bearing, on their scented wings, marauding bees,
In many a swarm, on amorous foray bent
Against the honeyed flowerage! Gentle doves
Coo in the woods, or through the welkin winnow,
Catching the sunlight on their painted pinions:
And streams—each like a beauteous cup-bearer—
Pour forth ecstatic draughts to quench the thirst
Of the proud antlered deer and timid hare.
The land is bright with flowers, that gladdly lift
Their fair heads to the day—All, except one—
The modest herb, in its pensive grace,
Whose bells, intoxicated with the dew,
Drop down abashed, afraid to meet the sun!
PURE WINES.

Happy is he who drinks pure wine. It puzzled the
cynic in old times to discover an honest man, even with
the aid of a lantern—it is a more difficult matter to find
a pure wine now-a-days. Every thing is sophisticated
now. Logwood and poke berries, cochineal and alum,
cream of tartar and burnt nuts, forced into a chemical
affinity by certain acids, and well diluted with common
water, form in many instances that which pretty good
judges would call the pure juice of the grape. He is
a wise man who can decide upon the purity of a wine,
for there is nothing in the shape of good liquor, that
human ingenuity cannot imitate so as to deceive the
most delicately judging palates. It is said of the late
king of England, that he had a few dozen bottles of a
wine of a superior flavor, of which he was accustomed
to give his guests a sip, only on extraordinary occasions.
His domestics, who were peculiarly nice in their selections
of wines, found their way into his cellar and made
free with his bottles, so that when on a certain occasion
he had ordered some of his choicest liquor to be ready
for a festival, it was found that there was scarcely any
of it left. The chief butler of the royal household,
fearing that the loss of his master's wine might cause
him the loss of his place, consulted with a celebrated
vintner as to the best means of supplying the deficiency.
The vintner obtained a bottle of the original wine, and
having ascertained that there was none of the same kind
in market, proceeded to put in practice his knowledge
of chemistry, and succeeded so admirably in his imitations,
that gentlemen—George and his distinguished compan-
ions—were in raptures at the choice aroma and delicate
bouquet of the strange compound which they sipped
with so much satisfaction. If the best judges in Europe
could not detect such a flagrant adulteration, how can
more republican and unpractised palates presume to
know the qualities of the fluid that titillates them so de-
lightfully?

Champagne is like an honest fellow whose good
qualities are on the surface. It is like Falstaff's sack, quick,
forgetful, nimble, mounting at once like an aspiring li-
quor to the brain, and whirling about there like a feather
in a gale. It is very much like a brilliant young
man—it is all sparkle and fixed in air, but it evaporates
in a whiff. It would solidify; we get rid of its glitter,
and search in vain for substantial qualities. Besides, it
is too cloying; it wants a dash of pungent acid, or pro-
vocative bitterness. We weary on its monotonous mix-
ture of brilliancy and sweetness, and betake ourselves to
more honest and more solid potatoes.

Your light French wines, are fickle and variable as
the volatile people from whose soil they are produced.
You may take a great deal of them without harm, as
you may listen to a great deal of French small talk
without being much improved or injured thereby. Such
is their ordinary character, but there are those among
them, in whose elements are mingled the qualities of
piquancy and strength. You imbibe them as you listen to
philosophy from woman, drinking it in half in play, until
you find yourself cheated in the possession of a good
quantity of heavy matter.

Rhenish wine comes to us in such a questionable
shape, that it is hard to judge what its character and
properties are in a native and unsophisticated state. It
is not a wine that palls; your taste in partaking of it,
grows by what it drinks on. There is nothing seductive
about its appearance. It has a cold, vinegar-faced look,
but after the embarrassments of a first introduction are
over, you feel yourself yearning towards it, until your
acquaintance ripens into the closest intimacy. There
is nothing cloying or monotonous about it, and its pleas-
ant acid, like constant wit, preserves it from becoming
tiresome. You can never have a cloy of Rhenish—
When your nose becomes accustomed to its delicate
aroma, you inhale it like the breeze from an orange
grove, and you may snuff it to the end of time.

Sherry is a fickle wine. It is fashionable just now—
but it is a suspicious beverage, being terribly exposed
to adulteration. Teneriffe, Cape, or Sicily, with a due
mixture of bitter almonds, and rock candy, will make
as capital a counterfeit presentment of the noble Spanish
wine, that there are few who can distinguish the copy
from the original. It has a wholesome bitterness which
at first is repulsive, but you soon become used to this,
and like the eel that became accustomed to be skinned,
you learn to like it. Still, Sherry is a prime wine, a
first cousin to the noble Madeira. It is especially de-
licious when it has that quality, which connoisseurs dis-
tinguish as "a taste of the skin."

Port we have little to say of. It is a good accom-
paniment for cheese nibblings, but beyond that, it is
too potent. It is an old Portuguese fable, that head-
ache was first created out of bad Port. But Madeira
is the truest and best of all wines. You may wander
from it like a lawless rover after pleasure, but you will
be sure to return to it, as to the home of your heart.
Bread, according to Swift, contains within itself the
essence of the roast beef, plumb pudding and custard,
and in the same way, Madeira contains the essence of
all goodness in the shape of potables. It is the nectar
of mortals. It is neither too sweet nor too acid, too
strong nor too weak. It is the happy medium where
the good qualities of all wines meet and combine. If
there be a spot on earth that we should cherish, it is the
sweet south side of that blessed isle, where the sun
ripens to mellowness the Madeira grape.—A. Y.
Standard.

FOR SALE—A valuable Estate, situated on Cambridge
street. The House is old and out of repair; but the situ-
ation is good, and it may be had at a bargain. Apply to
JOHN CLARK, No. 4 Brattle square. 17-19

SPANISH CIGARS—150,000 Havana Cigars, of a very
superior Brand, in quarter boxes, intended to debase—
For sale by S. A. & W. G. PIERCE, 370 Washington street. 17-19

TO LET—A large, convenient Lot suitable for almost
any kind of mechanical business—situated at the head of
Packard's wharf, Broad street, near Arch wharf. Apply to
P. DUNBAR, 16 Custom house st. 17-19

**FRESH ZANTE CURRANTS AND FIL
BERTS**. For sale by JAMES ANDREWS & SON, 370
Washington street. 17-19

SILK HALF HOSE—Ladies ribbed white English
silk half hose—50 doz for sale at retail for 3s 9d per pair
by SETH S. LYNDEN, Pemberton Hill. 17-19

**JOS. BLUXOME, TAILOR AND WOOLLEN DRA-
PER**, at the Old Stand, No. 3 Brattle street, has recently
received a choice assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Ves-
tings, to which he respectfully invites the attention of his friends
and the public to decide on such additions as their wardrobe
may require for the season.

J. B. takes this opportunity of making his acknowledgements
for the liberal patronage with which he has been favored, and
trusts to merit the continuance of the same, by using every ne-
cessary exertion to give satisfaction. The establishment is
stocked with a general assortment of fashionable Ready Made
Clothing, to which the requisite seasonable additions are con-
stantly making, and which will be sold cheap, for cash.

JOS. BLUXOME,
No. 3 Brattle st.

**SELLING OFF AT COST.—A HINT TO THE
LADIES.** ISAAC DAVIS, 18 Washington street, has on
hand a large assortment of SHELL COMBS, which he will sell
at the following reduced prices:
20 doz Wrought Shell Combs, from \$1.50 to \$1.75 each.
100 doz Large plain Shell Combs, from \$1.50 to \$1.75 each.
150 doz Wrought Horn, from 25 cts to \$2 each.
500 doz Plain Horn Combs, from 10 to 50 cts, each.
500 doz Shell Side Combs.
100 doz Brass Twisting Combs, from 5 to 10 cts.
Together with a large and valuable assortment of FANCY
GOODS. 1st—up 25

MUSICAL CLOCK, &c.—For sale, at H. BRUNS
Clock and Watchmaker's, Vendue, on eight day musical
clock, in a mahogany case, plays twelve times; it is warranted
for time, price \$50. Also, a valuable thirty day clock, inlaid
with brass and tortoise shell, formerly the property of a French
nobleman; it is suitable for an office, hotel, or a public hall,
price \$100, warranted. Also, several other good clocks and
timepieces.

An iron bedstead, an excellent article to keep off nightly in-
truders, with handsome head and foot boards. 17-19

REAL FRENCH CALF SKIN SUSPENDERS.
A prime article. The above named leather is dressed simi-
lar to Buckskin, without any coloring or stain, and is superior
to any other material for suspenders, as the perspiration has no
effect on it—it is light, thin, very strong and serviceable.—
This is the only lot of the above article in this city. By the
dozen or single. Gentlemen would do well to call and see for
themselves, at Chambers No. 33, School street. T. H. FOS-
TER, successor to J. G. Shute. 17-19

SPARRING AND FENCING GLOVES always
on hand, made by a first rate workman, and of the best
materials. Gentlemen in want of the above named articles
made to order can be accommodated at the shortest notice
by applying at Chambers No. 33 School Street.
T. H. FOSTER, Successor to J. G. SHUTE.

JUST FINISHED, at BRUCE & CO'S, a fine as-
sortment of Branches and Finger Rings, which will be sold for
a very short advance.

Also, an extensive assortment of Boots, Shoes, and Hats,
&c, very low at 251 Washington st. 17-19

FRENCH SILK UMBRELLAS.—The subscriber
has just received a fresh supply of dark silk Umbrellas, a
very neat article, which will be sold very low, at No. 8
State street, north side City Hall, and 3 doors from Washington
street. CHARLES I. HOBBSMAN. 17-19

TIMEPIECES.—A few first rate Timepieces, with brass
cases, warranted for time, for sale at the low
price of \$9 each. Timepieces cleaned, and set up in any part
of the city, and warranted, for \$1 each, at W. Thayer's, No. 22
Hanover street. 17-19

FRESH GOODS—FOR CASH.—HOW & JONES,
No. 69, Milk street, offer for sale, a general assortment of
Foreign and Domestic Goods, adapted to the season—on lowest
terms, for cash.

Also, an extensive assortment of Boots, Shoes, and Hats, of
all kinds, which are offered low. 17-19

BRICKS FOR SALE.—From 50,000 to 60,000
Bricks for sale, if applied for soon—the terms of sale will
be reasonable, affording a good bargain for those who may
wish to purchase. For further particulars, apply at this office.
17-19

JUST OPENED.—One case of very choice Rich French
Porcelain—Cologne bottles—ink stands—Vases—and
a variety of other ornaments—at S. A. & W. G. PIERCE, No.
370 Washington, corner of Essex st. 17-19

CASH will be advanced at 6 per cent. per annum, on un-
doubted City Mortgages, on application to
BENJAMIN WINSLOW, Broker,
No. 2 Exchange street. 17-19

SMYRNA AND CONSTANTINOPLE WOOL.
Of different qualities.
Also—Champagne Wine, Gams, Yellow Berries, Coffee.
For sale by JAMES ANDREWS & SON, 370
Washington street. 17-19

MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS &c.—For
sale by JOHN MARSH, 84 Washington street, a
complete assortment at real and low prices. Also, of every
quality, patent Tape Measures, from 20 to 75 feet. 17-19

**DAVIS'S CHEMICAL VEGETABLE LIQUID
SOAP**, for sale in any quantity on reasonable terms
by Messrs LOWE & REED, Merchants Row, and WM. O.
STIMPSON, & Co. south side Faneuil Hall. 17-19

LEMON SYRUP, of very superior quality manufac-
tured and for sale on such terms as to make it an object for
purchasers to call before buying. A. BOYDEN,
Hancock street. 17-19

BOOKBINDERS' STOCK.—Bark Skivers—Colored
Skivers—Gold Leaf—and a general variety of the best
quality stock, for sale by JOHN MARSH, at the Bookbinders'
Stock Warehouse, 44 Washington street. 17-19

THE MECHANIC'S MAGAZINE, and Register
of Improvements, Vol. 1 and 2; the Quarterly Journal of
Agriculture, Mechanics and Manufacturers, No. 1, Vol. 1, for sale
by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON. 17-19

10 BARRELS ENG. REFINED BORAX.
25 lbs Sulphate, 500 lbs Oxalic Acid, 300 lbs Carb.
Ammonia, 2500 lbs Paris Sal Soda—for sale by FLETCHER
& HAYWARD, No. 2 India street. 17-19

LEATHER AND OLD COPPER.—6000 shoes
Leather, oak and hemlock tanned—2300 lbs old Sheathing
Copper—for sale by KENDALL & KINGSBURY, Liverpool
wharf. 17-19

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—Ladies' Gold
Watches, Old Clocks, Sells, Keys, Ear Rings, Finger
Rings, Pins, &c, of the most fashionable patterns, may be had
at A. CUTLER'S, 217 Washington st. 17-19

WEBSTER'S QUARTO DICTIONARY—2
Vols. One copy, splendidly bound in Russia, for sale
by BAKER & ALEXANDER, 46 Washington street. 17-19

ELECTRICAL MACHINES.—A few beautiful
Electrical Machines, various sizes—for sale by COTTONS
& BARNARD, corner of Washington and Franklin st.
17-19

BUTCH.—50 bbls in prime order, landing from schr Ala-
bama, for sale by F. E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf.
17-19

SKINNER'S SOLAR STEEL PENS.—A fresh
supply of these excellent pens just received, and for sale
by OLIVER HOLMAN, 95 & 98 State st. 17-19

STOCKS.—A few dozen Stocks of St James' Family Plaid
an entire new article, never before offered in this city, may
be found at RODGER'S, No. 6 Joy's Building. 17-19

THERMOMETERS—warranted correct, for sale at
84 Washington street by JOHN MARSH. 17-19

FANCY & STAPLE GOODS.—5 cases French
Goods, just received on consignment, and for sale very
low by E. K. WHITAKER & Co. 17-19

4000 LBS. BINDERS' BOARDS, just re-
ceived and for sale by OLIVER HOLMAN
95 & 98 State street. 17-19

THE LADY'S BOOK, FOR AUGUST.—Just re-
ceived by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON, Agents,
ang 5-2w

PERUVIAN BARK.—10 bales best quality Quilled
Bark, for sale by LOWE & REED, 24 and 92, Merchants
Row. 17-19

GILT BEADS.—WARREN THAYER, No. 22 Hanover
street, has just received a large lot of Gilt Beads, of all
sizes, cut and plain. 17-19

STRAW BONNETS.—40 cases straw bonnets, various
kinds, for sale by S. S. LYNDEN, Pemberton Hill. 17-19

OPUM.—warranted of the first quality—for sale by
JAMES ANDREWS & SON. 101st—July 30

NEWTON RAIL ROAD HOUSE.—NEWTON
The subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and
the public, that he has taken the new House, which the Boston
and Worcester Rail Road Cars stop, in Newton, formerly
known as the "Newton House."—The house has been fitted
up in a style as good as any house of its class in the
vicinity of Boston. The situation is pleasant, the prospect
delightful, and the arrangement such as will be approved by an
enlightened public.

The Larder will be constantly provided with the luxuries of
the season, the Bar stocked with the choicest Wines, Liquors,
&c.—and no pains nor expense will be spared to make the
establishment an agreeable retreat for those who may favor
it with their patronage.

N. B. Military, Fire and Social companies accommodated
at short notice.

The Stables and outhouses are very commodious—being
built expressly for the accommodation of the Team and Dro-
ver, who are invited to call—as they will find the best of at-
tention.

Persons coming in the Rail Road Cars, can have Breakfast
at half past six o'clock, A. M. JOHN DAVIS.
may 12

CHELSEA HOUSE.
The subscriber would inform his friends and the
public generally, that he will continue to maintain
them at the above establishment, and have made
considerable improvement in and about the same, he hopes to
merit a continuance of patronage from the numerous visitors
to this pleasant and fashionable resort. Its location renders it
a delightful residence for boarders, especially during the warm
weather—and the convenience of its accommodations, the
charming prospect from its observatory, and the cool and re-
freshing breezes that distinguish it in summer, render it a very
pleasant retreat for those in pursuit of health or pleasure.

Every attention will be paid to those who may visit this de-
lightful resort, and no pains spared to make it a pleasant and
agreeable resort to such as may honor him with their patron-
age.

Chelsea, May 24, 1834.—17

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.—The subscriber re-
spectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has
located for a number of years the spacious basement story of
the United States Bank, recently erected, and known by the name of
Codman's Buildings, in Wilson's lane, on the western side of
the United States Bank, a few feet from State street, which is
fitted up in as good style as any of its class in the vicinity,
and furnished throughout to correspond with the improved
mode of the times, and will be opened this day for recep-
tion.

It being the intention of the subscriber to furnish his friends
and customers with every luxury which the market affords,
(with the exception of ardent spirits) and as he will superin-
tend himself every branch of his business, he hopes his friends
and the public will afford him that patronage which it is in-
tended his establishment shall merit.

Gentlemen whose families remove out of town during the
summer months, will find it convenient to dine at the above
establishment.

Appointments from 5 o'clock, A. M. until 10 P. M. Hot
dinners from 1 to 3. Soups every day. 17-19

ROBINSON CRUSOE HOUSE.—CHELSEA BEACH.
THE subscriber having built a House on this well
known and beautiful beach, at the Point of
Pines, so called, is now ready for the reception of
visitors. The situation of the place and the purity of the air,
renders it a most healthy and agreeable resort. He has spared
no pains in the construction of the house, to make it conven-
ient and pleasant to those who may favor him with their com-
pany. His table will be furnished in a satisfactory manner
with all the delicacies of the season, and he will endeavor to
furnish up at short notice. His bar will be supplied to the general
taste. He can accommodate a few more boarders, if any wish
to reside here, throughout the warm season.

The public are assured that his Stable will be furnished with
the best of hay and grain. With strict attendance, and a dis-
position to please, he trusts to give satisfaction to all those
who may honor him with their patronage.

S. HAYES.
Point of Pines, (Chelsea Beach), June 23, 1834. 17-19

ADELPHI HOUSE.—The subscriber informs his
friends and the public, that he has opened the com-
modious Tavern, corner of State and Congress streets, nearly opposite
the Custom House, which he has furnished with every
new furniture, bedding, &c.; it is situated within thirty rods of
Faneuil Hall Market, and in the centre of the commercial part
of the city. He hopes that by devoting his whole attention to
the comfort and convenience of his patrons, he shall receive a
share of public patronage.

WILLIAM BAILEY.
17-19

OLD COLONY HOUSE, HINGHAM.
The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the
public, that he has taken the above named establish-
ment, which is put in complete order for the reception of com-
pany. Great care has been taken to engage good attendance in
every department, for the convenience of those who may hon-
or him with their patronage.

The House is too well known to need a description,
it being one of the most pleasant and fashionable places of re-
sort within the vicinity of Boston.

Hingham, May 12. JOHN STRONG.

NAHANT HOTEL.—The subscriber respectfully
informs his friends and the public generally, that he
has re-opened the Nahant Hotel for the season, and
hopes by unremitting attention to the comfort and convenience
of those who may favor him with their visits, to merit a con-
tinuance of that patronage he has heretofore so liberally re-
ceived.

R. W. HOLMAN.
17-19

COMMERCIAL HOUSE.
No. 34 Commercial Street, Boston.

JOHN E. HUNT begs leave to inform his friends
and the public, that the above House is now open
as a Summer Establishment. Having had a long
experience, keeping a general "Restaurant," and eating
house, he flatters himself, that the reputation which he has
gained will ensure him a liberal patronage.

Clubs, Parties, Engine and Fire Companies, can be accom-
modated at short notice, with every thing which the season af-
fords. Coffee, Soups and refreshments, at all hours, and the
Bar will be found stocked with the best of Liquors and Wines.

Merchants in the neighborhood of Commercial wharf, Ship
Masters, and the numerous business men in that part of the
city, are respectfully invited to call and inspect the conveni-
ences and accommodations of the place.

The House has been fitted up in an extensive and private
Boarding House. Gentlemen intending to take the Southern
Packets at the neighboring Slips, and Country Traders, will
find airy rooms, good accommodations and prompt attend-
ance, conformed to their business, and at the same time retire-
ment, comfortable, and "at home."

J. E. H. pledges himself to devote his undivided attention to
the establishment, and will ensure the public an orderly, well
conducted house.

At the Boston and Providence Union Line of Stages put up
at this establishment, Boston Books for the Boston, Leominster,
Westminster, Templeton, Athol, Greenfield, Brattle-
borough and Albany Mail Stages are kept at this House for
those Lines. JOHN E. HUNT.
17-19

WESSONVILLE HOTEL.
The subscriber having taken the above mentioned
long and well known establishment, formerly kept by
Silas Wesson, Esq., which has undergone a thorough
repair, and been newly furnished throughout, begs leave to
inform the former customers, the present customers, and all
who may hereafter favor him with their patronage, that his
house will be well supplied with the delicacies of the season, and
that he will endeavor to be prepared at all times, to accom-
modate those who may call upon him. His bar will be furnished
with Choice Old Wines, Brandy, and other Refreshments.

The subscriber will be prepared to accommodate boarders
for a short time, or for the season.

Carrriages and Horses ready at all shortest notice, to convey
stage passengers, boarders, and others. Stage passengers and
others can be conveyed to and from the HOPKINTON
SPRINGS, at any hour of the day—it being but a short dis-
tance, and a pleasant ride. Stages to and from Boston and
New York, every day. Post Office kept at this place. Letters
for boarders at the Springs, directed to this office, will be for-
warded immediately.

Wessonville, Wessboro', May 22, 1834.

MARLBORO' HOTEL, BOSTON, MASS. The sub-
scriber takes this method to inform his friends and the
public, that he has taken the new Hampshire Hotel
in Dover, N. H. to Mr. Levi Shaw, and has taken the Mar-
lborough Hotel, in Boston, formerly kept by Mr. James Barker.
The House will be thoroughly cleaned, newly furnished in all
the apartments which are necessary, and will be put in good
order for the reception of company. Gentlemen with their
wives and families can be accommodated.

jan 3 W&Sf SAMUEL WYATT.

WALLETS, POCKETS BOOKS, &c.—An as-
sortment of Wallets, Pocket Books, Memoranda and
Port Folios may be had at low prices, at 95 and 98 State
street. OLIVER HOLMAN.
may 13

HIGHLAND PLaid SHAWLS.—4 Cases will
be opened this morning by E. K. WHITAKER & CO.
17-19

COLD LEAF.—Constantly for sale by JOHN MARSH,
84 Washington street, Gold Leaf of the best quality, at
the Manufacturers prices. 17-19

**BOSTON & HINGHAM.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.**
Three Trips a Day

On and after MONDAY, June 2, the
steamer GENERAL LINCOLN,
Capt. George B. Hall, will leave Fos-
ter's wharf, Boston, every day, Mon-
days excepted, at 9 o'clock, A. M.
and 3 and 6 P. M., and Hingham at 6 and 11 A. M. and 3
o'clock, P. M.

Passage 37 1/2 cents each—Season tickets \$20.

Carrriages will be in readiness on the arrival of the boat at
Hingham, to convey passengers to any part of that and most of
the neighboring towns.

For further particulars apply to the Captain on board, to Al-
bert Peering & Co., No. 1 City wharf, or the subscriber,
DAVID WHITON, Director.

Hingham, May 29, 1834.

NO. 84 WASHINGTON STREET.
JOHN MARSH, a few doors south of City Hall, has for
sale every description of Account Books, Paper, Foreign Sta-
tionery, Fancy Goods, Morocco Work, Bookbinders' Stock,
&c. &c.

All new articles of Stationary and Fancy Goods regularly
received by the foreign packet without delay.

J. M. manufactures the following articles, in all their vari-
ety—Account Books, Morocco Work, Portable Desks and
Dressing Cases. Orders for particular patterns in either
branch, made to suit at short notice.

Particular attention paid to the retail department, and goods
sent to any part of the city free of expense. 17-19

**STEAM SAW MILL AND GENERAL TURN-
ING** FACTORY, No. 15 Pond, near Hanover st, Boston.
The subscriber gives notice to Mechanics and others, that he
is prepared to execute at short notice, all orders for Sawing
and Turning in all its various branches.

ABEL BALDWIN.
may 25

N. B. Wheelwrights will do well to forward their stock for
Felloes, which will be saved according to pattern at short no-
tice.

Also—Turning in Wood, Brass and Ivory, neatly executed,
may 15 17-19

BRUCE & CO. offer a full assortment of Perfumery,
at a very low rate—Soups of all kinds—Lavender, Co-
logne, Honey and Orange Flower Waters—Florentine, and
Oris Tooth Wash—Mauve and Ward's Oil for the hair—
Curling Fluid—Bead's Glycerine—Pearl Powder—Essence of
Hart's Essence of Tires—Carbonic Dentifrice for the Teeth—
all the above articles, together with a very neat assortment of
Jewellery and Combs, will be sold for cash at a very small
profit, at 251 Washington st, 7 doors above the Marlboro'
Hotel. 17-19

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—AMOS CUT-
LER, No. 217 Washington street, opposite Franklin st,
has constantly on hand a general assortment of Watches, Sil-
ver Spoons, Finger Rings, Pins, jet and gilt Buckles, neck
Chains, Seals and Keys, Thumbknives, Penknives, Pen Cases,
Razors, Scissors, Tea Pots, Castors, and a variety of other ar-
ticles of the best quality and at low prices.

N. B. Silver Spoons, Jewellery, &c. bought at the above es-
tablishment will be highly engraved without charge. 17-19

**W. M. PERRY & CO., GRATE MANUFACTUR-
ERS**, have taken the room under the meeting house, No. 22
School Street, and offer for sale an assortment of Parlor Grates
in every variety.

Also, Fenders, Shovels, Tongs, Coal Hods, Stoves, Fire
Bricks, &c.

N. B. Their long experience in this city and in New York,
enables them to make to order Grates of Brass or Iron, Coal
Hods, Fire Safes, Pans, Blowers, &c. in a style of workmanship,
variety and design, superior to those of four fifths of the manu-
facturers in this city. 17-19

RICH MANTLE GRATES.—A superior article
can be obtained at the Manufactory, No. 9 Congress
square, (op stairs). Gentlemen about furnishing their Parlors
or Chambers with Grates, will do well before purchasing to
call and examine the Grates manufactured at this establish-
ment.

Grates made to order. 17-19

REMOVAL.—SAWYER & GOODNOW have removed
from 251 Washington street, to 13 Court street, where
they intend keeping a general assortment of Boots and Shoes
of the best quality—which they will sell as cheap as can be had
at any other store in the city.

N. B.—Just received a fresh assortment of Ladies French
Shoes. 17-19

SOUTH END BOOTS AND SHOE STORE.
H. J. PEAK, is daily receiving from the best manufactory
in the State, Boots and Shoes, which he will sell at the sack
of 2 for a single pair, at very reduced prices for cash. His
store, 443, Washington street, opposite the Washington
Bank.

Gentlemen's Boots sewed and pegged, \$2
Ladies' House Slippers, 57 1/2 cts.

N. B. Repairing done in the best style, at short notice.
may 12 17-19

REMOVAL.—CHRISTOPHER DYER, informs his
friends and the public, that he has removed from No. 37
to No. 22 Court Street, Tudor's Buildings.

N. B. New fashions just received—Gentlemen's garments of
every description from a selected Stock of seasonable goods em-
bracing every variety of pattern and shade, made to order and
warranted to fit. Prices moderate. 17-19

HOUSE IN VERNON ST. FOR SALE.—The
three story brick Dwelling House, No. 30 Vernon street,
built about three years since, in the best manner, and is in good
order. It contains 11 good sized rooms, good cellar, pump and
rain water cistern, and convenient out houses. The estate is
53 feet deep by 21 feet in width, with one half of a passage
way to the rear, of 3 feet. The house may be seen on ap-
plication on the premises. Terms liberal. 17-19

CHEAP GOODS.—1 bale 4-brown sheetings, at 6 cts.
per yard—1 do 3-brown sheetings at 6 1/2 cts per yard—
case corded robes 44 cords at 38—25 doz. white cotton half
hose at 12 1/2 cts per pair—25 doz old cotton half hose at 14 per
pair—cartons super hosiery gloves at 35 per pair—spool cotton
at 2 for a spool in the hanks and eyes at 4 1/2 per box, &c. &c.
at 345 Washington street, by ALEXANDER H. PRESCOTT.
17-19

NEW GOODS.—25 cases Staple and Fancy French
Goods, selected by the subscriber for retail trade and com-
prising many new styles of Silks, Shawls, Princes, Muslins, etc.
A liberal discount deducted from cash purchases.

E. K. WHITAKER & CO.
ap 3 copis 2m 4c 4m 1m 93 Washington street

ACCOUNT BOOKS.—Merchants can be supplied with
all full sets of superior Account Books, made in the modern
style, at the lowest prices, by JOHN MARSH, 84 Washington
street.

N. B. Account books made to any desirable pattern, at
short notice. 17-19

THE SUBSCRIBER, grateful for past favors, res-
tates to manifest his friendship and the public that he con-
tinues to manufacture Edge Tools of every description, of the
first quality and from the best materials, at No. 12 Water street,
Charlestown, and hopes by unremitting exertions to merit a
continuance of public patronage.

July 7 1st wostf RUSSELL C. BENSON.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 9, 1834.

The Democracy and Aristocracy of this country, and of every country on the globe, are as natural enemies as frogs and Frenchmen. It is as fruitless to controvert the fact, as it is foolish to attempt to conceal it; we simply state it with a single why and wherefore, that nobody may ascribe that to accident, which is evidently the result of design—the legitimate effect of an obvious and adequate cause.

The wealth of a country is one thing—its freedom another; its welfare should be, but is not always, the common object of both. Wealth is first derived through the channels of commerce; when that dries up, it is diverted into manufactures. The great cities of a country are always on its navigable waters—at once the marts of commerce, and the depots of wealth. The revenues of the country are derived from commerce—the consumer ultimately pays the duties, and the merchant grows rich. Avarice naturally calls for greater gains; and wealth demands privileges—the privilege of lower duties and higher profits; this must be effected through the aid of the government, at the expense of the people. No country can be free whose government dispenses privileges to any class of its citizens. Hence, in a free country, arises a natural struggle between pelf and power, wealth and independence. If the government does not support the pretensions of wealth, wealth is always opposed to it; hence the cities of this country, the marts of commerce, and the depots of wealth, are arrayed against the government and the people. Graduate the tariff by the cupidity of wealth, and the cities will always support the government; graduate it by the welfare and equality and independence of the country, and these same cities, as now and heretofore, will ever oppose the government.

What did we declare the last war for? The impressment of American citizens. What was it opposed for?—and by whom? It was opposed by wealth, because it curtailed its profits.

The cities of this country, if they have ever supported any administration, it was because it was at the expense of the people. Wealth and independence are not antagonistic powers, struggling for mastery. The cities are not only opposed to the National, but to the State, Administration. It is the natural and legitimate result of wealth and avarice that feel power and forget right, and abandon principle for privilege. No country ever did, or ever can, change the nature of these elements—wealth and freedom; they are like the ocean and earth, the one constantly encroaching upon the other; and if freedom does not raise a barrier against wealth, it must expect to be overwhelmed.

If there have been any cities in the Union which have supported the government, it is only an exception to the rule, and has been owing to temporary causes. The strong opponents of the administration in Congress, are, generally speaking, from the cities; if a few have been found elsewhere, vying the poison of their principles against the freedom and welfare of their country, like Shakespeare's apothecary, it is because "their poverty, and not their will, compels them to vendue, to the wealthy; and they must do their bidding. It would be invidious to designate names; but they may be easily distinguished among the yeas and nays on any and every contest between principle and privilege.

We have already extended our remarks further than we first intended; but have omitted many things we intended to remark upon. Perhaps we may, at a more convenient season, renew the subject; at present, we will simply add, in conclusion, that the wealth of commerce has been diverted into a new channel, manufactures—calculated to have its influence felt perhaps even more extensively, than in the old one. It sought its privilege in *totu* duties in the one, and seeks for high and prohibitory ones in the other. It behoves the welfare of the people to oppose privilege in all its Protean shapes. We have no doubt the people will be true to themselves and their country, in spite of all temptations and all opposition. The Senate, it is true, "and pity 'tis, 'tis true," is on the side of *Aristocracy*; but the popular branch, the House, is with *Democracy*, the people.—God speed them, and may cash never conquer them by its corruption.

Some of our venerable "Whigs" are out for the nine hundred-and-ninety-ninth time in defence of the Hartford Convention, from which it would seem that these gentlemen are not satisfied with their former nine-hundred-and-ninety-eight appeals to the public on this subject; it would be prudent in these men to remember Don Quixote's advice to Sancho about stirring an odious subject. If that Convention was as patriotic an assemblage as these gentlemen claim it to be, its members ought to be considered more than men, even saints, for they performed their good deeds in secret, and sat with closed doors. John Quincy Adams very truly and emphatically observed that "the sentence of time has passed" upon that Convention and its intentions.

A Parallel.—Sir Robert Walpole, who, in the time of George II., was a Whig Minister and a Bank man, declared that "every man had his price." Sir Henry Clay, another Bank "Whig," avowed the same sentiment to Gov. Floyd, in his memorable boast, "Give us the patronage of the Government, and we will make ourselves popular." Sir Robert and Sir Henry were both total depravity men in politics.

Benton Lozenges.—Dr Benton's yellow lozenges (says the Baltimore Republican,) made their appearance in Philadelphia on Saturday last, in the shape of half angles. They are about the size of twenty-five cent pieces, but a little yealer.

Mr and Mrs Butler are at Newport—Mr Power is at the same place. Mr Hackett has been amusing the citizens of his fashionable retreat, by his professional exertions in the characters of Solomon Swap, and Nimrod Wildfire—the Republican says he made a great hit.

It is understood that the new and splendid Steam Boat East Boston, will be launched from the Company's yard at E. Boston, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—A heavy dealer.—John Smith, a colored man, more commonly known by the sincerely complimentary appellation of "honest John," was yesterday convicted of 7 separate and distinct larcenies, perpetrated on a pile of Swedish iron, laying exposed on Commercial wharf, and belonging to Messrs Brown & Co., and under the care of Mr Isaac Clapp. He was amusingly barefaced in his robberies. He would go to a truckman, tell him that he had received a small adventure of iron, request him to carry to the pile, and pointing out a few bars, order him to call them to some store, where he would go himself and conclude a bargain. He even succeeded in selling 603 lbs. to Mr Isaac Clapp, who did not discover, till the day after the purchase, that it was the same iron which he had the charge of. The jury rendered the seven verdicts of guilty without leaving their seats.

Samuel Stetson had been cruising round with his new-found, long lost friend, Fletcher, and treated him to sundry glasses of soporific cordials, till he got somewhat drowsy. He then invited him to take a snooze on board the brig Timour, and as soon as he was comfortably asleep, he helped himself to \$4.00, ready money, and stole his jacket, which he pawned for \$1.50.—Convicted.

David Robinson, a tall white man, and Henry Lee, alias John Williams, a short negro, were convicted of breaking into Jotham Rogers' Carpenter's shop, and stealing mortising chisels to the value of \$7.00.

POLICE COURT.—William White, being more than half seas over, without waiting for an invitation to "walk in," entered a colored boarding house, and demanded something to spice the main-brace with, and accommodations for the night; but the keeper of the sable mansion, being an anti-amalgamationist, peremptorily refused to entertain the tipsy White applicant.—To receive such a cut direct from a blackamoer, was excessively irritating to White, who avenged his exasperated honor, by creating a general crash among the glassware, and completely riddling the windows. He "hoped the Court would be as considerate as consistent towards him, for what he had done, when not in his right mind."—\$1.50 cents and costs was the consideration required, for the want of which he was marched off to jail, muttering curses through his teeth, at the ugly scrape, that he had steamed himself into.

Eliza Marsh—bating her want of stockings—was quite a likely looking girl, but did not entertain a very favorable opinion of Boston notions. "I never see'd such a place as this 'ere Boston; a body can't take a little more than common on a warm day, without being snatched up by a parcel of constables, who go rooting round just for the sake of their fees—they don't act so mean in Salem." Eliza was pretty candid, and "thought 'twarn't worth while to lie about it," and was let off with one month in the house of correction.

For the Boston Morning Post.

The Post Master General.—Speaking of the Post Master General, the Daily Advertiser of the 4th says, that "the whole body of the Senate, without a single exception, have passed a stern and solemn sentence on his official proceedings."—The Boston Courier, a few days previous, makes an assertion of the same nature: "I have not the latter paper before me; but I think it goes even farther, and states that the Senate, by a unanimous vote, pronounced the proceedings of the P. M. General illegal. Now, these assertions are neither of them true. I challenge the Courier, and the "respectable" Daily, (once so called) to produce the vote of the Senate to which they refer. There is indeed, a vote, a unanimous vote, of that body, declaring an abstract truth—but it is *truly* contended, that this vote, and the principle it asserts, do not in any way implicate the Post Master General. His conduct does not militate with them. The principle of the vote is undoubtedly correct—no one disputed it or opposed it—all voted for it, even the greatest friends of the P. M. G. The truth is, the *tricks* took themselves in completely. "They grasped the phantom, and they found it air."

The Daily of the same date, has another editorial paragraph, disingenuous, and shamefully dishonorable.—It thus quotes from Col. Benton's address to a Philadelphia Committee:—"No, let victory animate; let its spirit warm your bosoms, and go forward, determined to conquer, and victory is yours—but remember, to ensure victory, you must be united." The Daily then makes this remark:—"The Colonel is laudably cautious. He assures his guests, that if they go forth determined to conquer, and are united, and strong enough for the purpose, they will gain the victory—an exceedingly safe prediction." Now, the whole of the little point, upon which so much labor has been bestowed, depends altogether upon a base interpretation; what the wig papers call a "forgery," if a Republican could be guilty of such a miserable trick. The words, "strong enough for the purpose," are not Col Benton's; they are wholly the editor's—and yet, without these words the editor's remarks would be sheer nonsense.—Such are the unprincipled acts, with which too many editors in the Bank party, endeavor to support a desperate cause, hostile to the liberties and the well-being of the country.

For the Boston Morning Post.

It was announced in the Daily Advertiser of the 6th from the Salem Gazette, that several distinguished Whigs from abroad would *grub* with the great Whig on the common in Salem on the 7th instant. And it may be some satisfaction to this ancient and patriotic party here in Massachusetts, to have the claims of these "great foreigners," to pure and undefiled Whigism, established by documentary or other evidence. The delegation from Rhode Island, consisting of Hon. Messrs Robbins and Burges can offer the following, which in my judgment proves that they are original, true, genuine, died in the wool Whigs. Extract from an oration delivered to the citizens of Providence, July 4th, 1804, by Tristram Burges, Esq. "I thank my God heartily that I am not a democrat, nor do I wish ever to be one." At a grand caucus in Newport in June 1813, Mr Robbins made a speech, in which he remarked "the policy of the Administration, operating injuriously upon the best interests of New England, and the spirit of subservency so strongly manifested every where to those in power, and such a determination evinced to sustain the recent measures of the Government. All then have brought us to a crisis and every patriot, every lover of his country is called upon to come forward in defence of his rights."

These Gentlemen are indisputably WHIGS of the first water.

A RHODE ISLANDER.

FOREIGN ITEMS.—From the N. Y. Star.

A wild fanatic, in a state of nudity from the waist upwards, was lately brought before the sitting magistrate at Mary-le-bone, for having been found in that state preaching to a motley crowd. He gave the following history of himself. On being asked what had become of his garments, he said he had given them to a poor haymaker, who required them more than he did—he was born in Ireland, and they profanely called him a Pat-lender; and that he became a preacher by a miracle.—One night having retired to bed a fat and plump man, on waking up he found himself reduced to a skeleton. The magistrate asked him what he would say to a month's sojourn in the House of Correction. To which he replied in the most laconic style, "quite agreeable—so let it be;" which was accordingly done.

In the late desperate fight near Andover, between Swift and Noon, for the paltry sum of £50 a side, Noon, after the 73d round, was taken off lifeless in a carriage and four, and died the same evening from extravasation on the brain. Attempts had been made to prevent the brutal exhibition, but failed, and the jury, as usual, found a verdict of manslaughter against the parties, where the matter will probably end; for it is impossible to suppress this disgraceful practice while it is countenanced by all the bloods and swells of the nobility and gentry.

Mr Markham is announced at the Royal Pavilion Theatre—his first appearance, in which he "will introduce the American extravaganza of *Jimmy Crow*." The name here, too, according to the prevailing refined taste, is softened down into a sort of Italian pronunciation.

A well known English sporting character has offered, for a bet of £100, to ride on horseback 64 miles in 3 1-2 hours.

Two men fighting in London, while engaged in the scuffle, one seized the tongue of the other between his teeth and bit it off.

The king of Ava and his queen, together with his people, by last accounts, were engaged in a forty-nine days' celebration on the occasion of the youngest daughter of the royal pair having her ears bored.

The heat of the sun was so excessive in London during the last week of June, that the faces of those who had business to transact out of doors, bore the appearance of "a roast leg of pork."

The Fatal Escape.—We have seldom had to record a case of more melancholy, and indeed romantic, domestic affliction than one which has lately occurred in the Isle of Man. A Miss Fell, a beautiful young lady, resident on that island, walked out to amuse herself on the cliffs near Douglas Head, from one of which she fell, and was precipitated on a shelving rock at a considerable distance below. She was much bruised by the fall, the sea almost surrounded her, and the part on which it was bounded by the land was so precipitous, that escape was impossible. Here she remained for thirteen days and nights, that she could not have appeared larger than a bird, and her voice much exhausted by her repeated attempts to render herself audible. A small well of spring water she fortunately found on the cliff, afforded her the only nourishment. On the fourteenth day, however, the waving of her handkerchief attracted the notice of a boatman, who rowed towards her, and found her almost insensible, on her knees, her hands clasped in the attitude of prayer, and her voice scarcely strong enough to disclose her residence. She was carried home, where she found her wretched mother, worn out by her brother's illness and her own absence, and was only just in time to receive her dying breath. The wretched young lady, agonized and exhausted, terminated her own existence in a fit of insanity.—London paper.

Living on board a Dutch Ship.—A. M.—Between six and seven o'clock, a cup of coffee brought to each; half past seven, prayers; eight o'clock, breakfast, consisting of boiled barley, of which the captain and mate freely partook, mixing with it a large spoonful of butter, then a small portion of cold meat, cold meat, and lastly well buttered biscuits and cheese; eleven o'clock, coffee again; twelve, after the ship's reckoning was ascertained, a glass of wine was given to each person. Dinner was then served. P. M.—Half past three, tea; six o'clock, tea again, but with supper; half past seven, prayers, after which all retired to rest, save the persons employed on watch.—Holman's Voyages.

Curious Fact.—The squirrel, the field mouse, and the bird called the Nuthatch, (sitta europea) live much on nuts, which they open each in a different manner. The first splits the shell in two with his long fore teeth, as a man does with his knife, the second drills a small round regular hole in the side of the nut; while the last picks an irregular hole with his bill. This bird fixes the nut in some chink or crevice, as it were in a vice, before he attempts to open it. The space behind my alcove is covered with the shells of nuts which the bird had bored after he had fixed them in the corners of the cornice of that edifice.—White, of Selborne.

Cholera in Cincinnati.—The Cincinnati Gazette of the 31st ult., states that the number of interments in that city during the week ending the day previous, was eighty-six, exclusive of those in the Episcopal burying ground, which had not been reported. Thirty deaths, out of the 86, were reported as occasioned by Cholera.

The average weekly number of deaths in Cincinnati, through the year, is about 20. The number in the month of July, 1830, was 74—1831, 113—1832, 116; 1833, 360—1834, 300.

It will be seen from this statement that the mortality during the past month has been nearly as great as in the same month of 1833, when the Cholera prevailed as an epidemic.

From Canton.—By the ship London, Capt. Brace, arrived last evening, we have received a file of Canton papers to the 25th February, inclusive. They contain nothing of interest. The papers of the last date say—"The week has been prolific in arrivals, no less than three American vessels from England have arrived.—The Amanda, from London, the Alert, from do. and the Philip 1st, from Liverpool."—N. Y. Gaz.

Texas.—Advices from Texas to July 5th, represent the people of that Province as in a state of some excitement, on account of the treatment of Col. Austin by the Mexican government, and the rejection of the application from Texas for its separation from Coahuila, and erection into a distinct State. The news of the release of Col. Austin, had not reached Texas.—Jour. Com.

From Mexico.—By the schooner Leonard at New Orleans, Tampico papers of the 11th July have been received. The only item of intelligence of any interest, was, that San Louis Potosi still held out against Santa Anna, in favor of liberal principles.

Montgomery, (Ala.) July 26.—Escape.—Augustus L. Glover, who shot John R. Wiggins, of Georgia, made his escape from jail at this place, on the 11th inst. Glover had acknowledged that he committed the act before his escape, but justified himself in doing what he did. His escape was effected, no doubt, by false keys.

A letter to the Editors of the Charleston Courier, from St Mark's, Florida, states that the crops look favorable. The cotton, in many instances, has opened, and much of it is now opening. The fodder has been pretty well gathered. The corn is good, and the sugarcane is in a very prosperous state.

Eight or ten cases of violent cholera morbus had occurred in Sumpter District. They quickly yielded to the power of medicine—supposed to have originated from some local cause, as they were confined to one family.

King Leopold.—The partiality of the King of Belgium to the Americans has been evinced on several occasions. He lately visited the ship Nabob of this city in the dock at Antwerp, and seemed to derive much gratification from his visit. The following is an extract of a letter from Captain Putnam, to the owners in this city, dated June 29th, detailing the above occurrence:—"The Nabob was honored with a visit from the King of Belgium while at Antwerp. He sat in the cabin fifteen minutes and was very sociable, asked me many questions about the United States, said he was pleased to see so many American ships visit Antwerp, and hoped in a short time to find something more profitable than sand for us to export. He admired the Nabob, said she was the finest vessel in the dock. The bird's eye maple struck his fancy, and he was astonished when I told him she had so recently left Canton, New York, and Charleston, and that she carried over 700 tons. He drank a glass of wine with me and thanked me for my attention."

The Nabob left Canton on the 18th of December last, for New York, where a cargo, consisting of 13,000 packages was discharged—proceeded from thence to Charlestown, S. C. and took a full cargo of cotton for Antwerp—delivered it, and sailed from Antwerp the 29th of June! This is a remarkable instance of despatch—and might well excite the admiration of the Belgian King.—Mer. Jour.

Mysterious.—We understand that a great excitement at present exists in Charlestown, in consequence of the mysterious disappearance of a young lady at the Nunnery in that place. The circumstances as far as we can learn are as follows:—"The young lady was sent to the place in question to complete her education, and became so pleased with the place and its inmates, that she was induced to seclude herself from the world and take the black veil. After some time spent in the Nunnery, she became dissatisfied, and made her escape from the institution—but was afterwards persuaded to return, being told that if she would continue but three weeks longer, she would be dismissed with honor. At the end of that time, a few days since, her friends called for her, but she was not to be found, and much alarm is excited in consequence.—Mer. Jour.

Accident at Toronto, U. C.—At a late political meeting at that place, while one of the individuals was addressing the meeting, the gallery gave way while they were applauding the speaker, and several persons were unfortunately killed and others wounded. George Hutton, the foreman of Mr Stennett's shop, and Colonel Fitzgibbon's son, a youth of 14 years, are dead; Mr Thornhill's leg is broken, and Messrs. Fenton, Gunnell, Beard, Goddard, Jr., John Armstrong, Merchant, Denison, Hood, Mountjoy, Keating, Crawford, Stark, Dugan, Jr., Daly, Webster and son, and Beatty, (Merchant), and perhaps others are more or less injured.—N. Y. Star.

The body of a small child was discovered yesterday on the City's land west of Charles street, near where the City carts pass. It was in a decayed state, was wrapped in a cloth, placed in a rough box, and partially covered with earth. It appeared to have been there several days. Prince Snow, Esq., Coroner, was sent for, who caused the body to be decently buried—but no information was elicited as to the person who placed it there.—Daily.

Sudden Death.—Mr Isaac Mead, a leather dealer of Charlestown, died very suddenly this morning in the Reading Room in Charlestown. We learn that Mr Mead had been recently very sick, but had so far recovered as to be out, and attend to business. He did business this morning at the bank, went into the Reading Room, and was reading a newspaper, when he fell from his chair and died instantly. He was a man of good standing in society, and much respected by his fellow citizens.—Trans.

We were misinformed respecting the origin of the fire at Day & Francis cordage manufactory. We learn that the proprietors state that the flames were discovered in the second story, or spinning loft, where no fire or lights are used, and which is distant 200 feet from the steam engine. Messrs. D. & F. have no doubt that it was fired by design. There was an insurance of \$6,000.—Id.

Great Fire at Salmon Falls.—Information was received in town yesterday morning, that the Woollen Manufactory at Salmon Falls, Somersworth, N. H., caught fire last evening, about 7 o'clock, in the picker house, and was entirely in flames when the information was sent off. There is insurance at the following offices: National \$50,000, Manufacturers' \$30,000, Etna (Hartford) \$10,000.—Id.

We understand that Mr. Hanscomb, late keeper of a toll-gate upon the turnpike between Boston and Dedham, has commenced an action for slander against the publishers of the Transcript, for a publication in that paper relating to the death of Mr Nathaniel Colburn, late of Roxbury.—Dedham Patriot.

On Sunday morning last the middle arch of the bridge over the Kentucky river at Frankfort gave way, and all that part of the structure was precipitated into the river. Fortunately no person was upon the bridge at the time of the accident, and for several days previously, its dangerous condition had become so manifest that the crossing over it was discontinued.

Sunday School Inspector.—A very grave and reverend looking horse walked into the Baptist church on Sunday morning last, and proceeded up the South aisle as far as the Dominie's pew, deliberately examined the Sunday school teachers and scholars, gave a neigh of approbation, and then—walked out again.—Microscope.

Saratoga Springs.—There is now a "large assortment" of "beauty and booty" at the Saratoga Springs. Hearts are there to be sold, to be let, and to be exchanged. It is a spacious fair or lottery, where the good things of this world are held up to view—and to be obtained. The number of blanks to a prize is not mentioned in "the schemes."—Troy Budget.

Hot Work.—It appears by the calendar of arrivals at the Virginia Springs, that there were one hundred at the Salt Sulphur, sixty at the Red Sulphur, thirty or forty at the Blue Sulphur, and a number at the Hot and Sweet Springs. Here's variety for you. A man may choose his combustibles before he reaches the region of Pluto.—N. Y. Star.

A celebration in honor of Lafayette, was to be solemnized in New Orleans, on the 26th ult. Twenty-four persons had been selected to bear the escutcheons of the several States.

The Wheeling Times states that no case of cholera had occurred at that place for three days and that the health of the citizens generally, was never better at this season of the year.

The new and beautiful bridge over the Susquehanna, at Columbia, has been opened for the passage of carriages.

The Delaware and Raritan Canal is once more navigable, and every prospect of its continuing so for the season.

Not Yet Dead.—The North American, at the news of whose decease there was so much joy on the part of the Bank presses, is to be revived in a few days, and does not intend to die again. Long life to it.

Mr Joseph Henington, Jr., of Roxbury, has been appointed Aid-de-Camp to the Brig. General of the First Brigade, First Division Massachusetts Militia.

A CARD.—The members of Engine Company No. 1 hereby tender their thanks to Capt J. W. Lewis and family, for their humane attendance to an unfortunate stranger who was accidentally injured by falling, while attempting to assist said Company in drawing their Engine.

They also give their thanks to Dr Winship, of Roxbury, and Dr Odin, of Boston, for their kindness and humanity in giving medical aid.

THE LAST SUPPER.—The proprietor of this magnificent copy in wax, of Leonardo Da Vinci's celebrated painting of the Last Supper, respectfully begs leave to announce to the public, that in consequence of an engagement to transfer the Groupe to the South, permanently, the exhibition at the Temple will close in a few days, after which another opportunity of witnessing it here cannot possibly occur. July 19

MARRIED
In this city, on Thursday evening, by the Rev E. T. Taylor, of St John, N. B.
By the Rev Mr Adams, Andrew W. Haskell to Hannah H. Greene.
In Newburyport, by the Rev Mr Fox, Nathan Poor to Adeline Hedge.
In Albany, Francis Dwight, of Springfield, to Catharine V. R. Schermernorn, of Geneva, Ontario county.
In Salem Nathan Burnham, Jr, of Essex, to Sally Brown.
In Brookfield, Parker Gilbert to Mary Fairbank.
In Fitchburg, Elliot Wood to Sarah Wakefield.
In Taunton, Sylvester Makepeace of Raynham, to Parna A. Graves.

DIED.
In this city, Charles Edgar Hills, 4 months, son of James W. J. Hills.
In Roxbury, Abigail H. Taber, deaf and dumb, aged 22.
In Southborough, on the 31st, July, of consumption, Julia Mansort, of William Dickey, aged 35, recently of Charlestown.
In Cincinnati, 23d July, Helen Grace, 22 mos., and on the 28th, Edmund Albert, 7 years, children of Edmund Putnam, formerly of this city.
In North Wrentham, Seth Fisher, a soldier of the revolution, aged 73.
In New York, Alexander Hoesbeck, M. D. aged 61.
In Charleston, S. C. Richard Sherman, scaman, a native of New Hampshire.
In Warriselles, John Abraham Jarvis, eldest son of the Rev Dr Jarvis, and a Midshipman in the Navy of the United States.

IMPORTATIONS.
LIVERPOOL.—Ship Portsmouth—234 tons loose, 1000 bags salt.
ST CROIX.—Schr Edgington—178 puncheons rum—40 hhls molasses—40 do, 5 brls sugar.
BRIG NEPTUNE—233 hds, 5 brls molasses—302 bxs, 10 hls do sugar.
BRIG MECHANIC—94 hhls, 110 casks molasses—4 brls honey—1 1-2 bags coffee.
TATTONSISH.—Schr Lady—80 tons plaster.
BRIG FREEDOM.—Schr Freedom—500 wet salted, 65 dry hides—100 al. queras nuts—100 brls cocoas—47 brls balsam copaiva—81 ar. robes Indian rubber bottles—85 baskets annatto—95 cases—1 bag Indian rubber shoes.
ST PETERS.—Brig Baron L'Esperance.—Ballast.
CARR HAYTIE.—Brig William Wiche—90 tons logwood—600 bags coffee—9 bags cocoa—30 hides—1 lb tortoise shell.
SAVANNAH.—Brig William—278 bags cotton—20 bags coffee—32 hhls 5 tierces, and 150 cwt hides—6m lumber.

SHIP-NEWS.—1834.

PORT OF BOSTON.—FRIDAY, August 8.

ARRIVED.
Ship Unicorn, Conant, New York.
Ship Portsmouth, Neal, Liverpool via New York.
Brig Freedom, Appleton, Para, 12th ult. Left brig Fair American, Bailey, for Canton, 10th Aug., Algeria, Eves, for N York, 10 days; Virginia, Conaway, Salem, unc. Passed in the River, Sch George, Glover, from Salem. Brig Florida, Smith, and Mercator, of Salem, were at Maranhau 27th June—the former for New York, 10 days; the latter for New York, 10 days.
Brig Neptune, Gould, Matanzas, 18th ult. Spoke 31st, lat 39, lon 72, brig Chilo, 3 days, from Salem for Baltimore. 1st inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 2d inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 3d inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 4th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 5th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 6th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 7th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 8th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 9th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 10th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 11th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 12th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 13th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem for Baltimore. 14th inst, lat 40, lon 72, sch Thetis, 3 ds fm Salem 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